Resistance:

Alkaline Solutions, Inorganic Acids, **Organic Acids and Water**

		lm	mersio	n Hea	ters			lmm	ersion	Heate	rs					Floa	t Swit	ches					
							Heati	ng Ro	ls			Tempe	rature	Prob	es					Level	Probe	es/KN	IS
						_		Ц		L													_
Process Solution	PS	TG	QS	KB	TI	FC	FK	FC	FEP	PFA	F	L	В	G	м	F	L	В	В	K	т	V	G
Alkaline Solutions			-								-	_			•••	•	_				-	-	
Ammonium hydroxide (NH ₄ OH)	×	×	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium hydroxide, with water (KOH)	×	×	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	0	+	+
Sodium hydroxide, with water (NaOH)	×	×	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	0	+	+
Inorganic Acids																							
Hydrofluoric acid (HF)	×	×	×	×	×	+0	+	+0	+	+	×	+	×	+	+	×	+	×	×	+	×	0	+
Aqua Regia (3HCl + HNO ₃) 3)	+	+	+	×	0	0	+	0	+	+	×	•	×	+	+	×	0	×	×	•	0	×	0
Mixed acid (HNO ₃ /H ₂ SO ₄ /H ₂ O)	+	+	+	×	×	+	+	+	+	+	×	0	×	+	+	×	0	×	×	+	0	+	+
Oleum (concentrated sulphuric acid) 3)	0	+	+	×	×	0	0	0	0	0	×	×	×	×	+	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Phosphoric acid (H ₃ PO ₄)	×	×	×	0	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	0	+	+	+	+	0	0	+	×	0	+
Nitric acid (HNO ₃) ³⁾	+0	+	+	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	0	+	+	×	+	0	0	+	+	×	+
Hydrochlorid acid (HCI); <10%	+	+	+	×	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	+	×	×	+	×	+	+
Hydrochlorid acid (HCI); >10%	+	+	+	×	×	0	0	0	0	0	×	+	×	0	0	×	+	×	×	0	×	×	0
Sulphuric acid (H ₂ SO ₄)	+0	+	+	×	×	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	×	+	+	×	+	×	×	+	×	0	+
Organic Acids																							
Formic acid (HCOOH)	+	0	+	×	×	+0	+0	+0	+0	+0	×	+	×	+	+	×	+	×	×	+0	×	×	+0
Benzoic acid (C _s H _s COOH)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Acetic acid (CH ₃ COOH)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+0	+0	+	+	+	+0	+0	+	+	+	+	+	+
Lactic acid (CH ₃ CHO · COOH)	+	+	+	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	•	0	+	+	+	0	0	0	+	+	+	+
Oxalic acid $(C_2O_4H_2 \cdot 2H_2O)^{3)}$	+	+	+	×	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	•	×	+	+	+	0	×	×	+0	×	×	+0
Tartaric acid (C ₄ H ₆ O ₆)	+	+	+	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	0	+	+	+	+	0	0	+	+	0	+
Citric acid (C ₃ H ₄ (OH) (COOH) ₃ · H ₂ O)	+	+	+	+	•	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	•	+	+
Water																							
Tap-water	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Seawater	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	+	×	×	+	+	+	+
Distilled water, deionized (H ₂ O)	+	+	+	•	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	•	+	+	+	+	•	•	0	0	×	0
Rinsing water, contamin. with alkaline (halogen-free)	•	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	0	+	+	+	+	0	+	0	6	•	•	0
Rinsing water, contamin. with acids (fluoride-free)	+	+	+	0	•	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	•	+	+	+	+	•	0	6	0	•	0
Rinsing water, contaminated with fluoride	0	0	0	×	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	~	+	+	+	+	~	A	A	A	0	A

- 1) When using metallic materials (KB, TI), a faulty current circuit breaker with capacitor in the earth connection is recommended in order to prevent DC current escaping.
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- 3) Terminal casing made from PVDF recommended (BC/L and LC/L)

Immersion Heaters Materials Legend

- PS Special hard porcelain, glazed
- **TG** Technical glass (hydrolytic class 1, acid class 1, alkaline class 2 according to DIN 12111, 12116
- **QS** Quartz glass (hydrolytic class 1, acid class 1, alkaline class 1, according to DIN 12111, 12116 & 52322)
- **KB** Stainless steel (material no. 316Tl)
- TI Titanium (material no. 3.7035)
- FC Polytetrafluorethylene (PTFE) Compound

Heating Rods / Immersion Heaters Legend

- FK Polytetrafluorethylene (PTFE), pure white
- FC Polytetrafluorethylene (PTFE) compound FEP Fluorinated etylene propylene
- **PFA** Perfluoroalkoxy

Temperature Probes Legend

- F Polypropylene (PP)
- Polyvinylidenfluoride (PVDF) Stainless steel (material no. 316Tl)
- Polytetrafluorethylene (PTFE)
- M Perfluoroalkoxy (PFA)

Float Switches / Level Probes / KNS Legend

- F Polypropylene (PP)
- Polyvinylidenfluoride (PVDF)
- Stainless steel (material no. 316Tl)
 Polytetrafluorethylene (PTFE) compound
- Titanium (material no. 3.7035, PTFE)
- Polyvinylchloride (PVC)
- Polytetrafluorethylene (PTFE)

Symbols

- + recommended
- + resistant
- moderate
- x not suitable
- general evaluation not possible, please enquire

Resistance:

Degreasing Solutions, Electrolytes, **Autocatalytic Electrolytes**

		lm	mersio	n Hea	Heaters Immersion Heaters									Float Switches												
				Heating Rods							Temperature Probes								Level Probes / KNS							
						_		Ц		Ц								-					_			
Process Solution	PS	TG	QS	KB	TI	FC	FK	FC	FEP	PFA	F	L	В	G	М	F	L	В	В	K	Т	٧	G			
Degreasing Solutions			•																							
Acid (fluoride-free)	+	+	+	×	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	0	0	0	×	+	×	+	+			
Alkaline (halogen-free)	×	×	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	0	×	+	+	+	+	+	+			
Electrolytes																										
Lead bath (fluorborate)	×	×	×	×	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	+	×	×	+	×	+	+			
Chromium bath (H ₂ SO _A) 1) 3)	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	×	+	+	×	+	×	×	+	0	0	+			
Chromium bath (mixed acids, cont. fluoride) 3)	0	0	0	×	×	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	×	+	+	×	+	×	×	+	×	0	+			
Iron bath (FeCl ₂ · 4 H ₂ O) ¹⁾	+	+	+	×	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	1	1	×	×	+	+	+	+			
Iron bath (FeSO ₄ or Fe(BF ₂)) 1)	0	0	0	×	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	0	0	×	×	+	×	0	+			
Gold bath, cyanide 1)	0	0	0	+	0	+	+	•	+	+	+	0	+	+	+	+	0	+	+	+	0	0	+			
Gold bath, acid	+	+	+	×	×	0	+	0	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	+	×	×	+	×	0	+			
Copper bath, cyanide 1)	0	0	0	+	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	0	×	+	+	+	0	+	+			
Copper bath, acid	+	+	+	×	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	+	×	×	+	0	0	+			
Copper bath (fluorborate)	×	×	×	×	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	0	0	×	×	+	×	0	+			
Brass bath, cyanide 1)	0	0	0	+	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	0	×	+			
Nickel bath (fluorborate) 1)	×	×	×	×	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	0	0	×	×	+	×	0	+			
Nickel bath (nickel-chloride / nickel-sulphate) 1)	+	+	+	×	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	0	0	×	×	+	0	0	+			
Platinum bath / Palladium, acid	+	+	+	×	×	0	+	0	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	+	×	×	+	0	0	+			
Rhodium bath (H_2SO_4)	+	+	+	×	×	0	+	0	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	+	×	×	+	×	0	+			
Silver bath, cyanide 1)	•	0	0	+	•	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	1	•	+	+	+	×	0	+			
Zinc bath, alkaline, cyanide 1)	0	0	0	+	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	0	0	+	+	+	0	0	+			
Zinc bath, acid	+	+	+	×	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	0	0	×	×	+	×	0	+			
Tin bath, alkaline 1)	×	×	×	+	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+			
Tin bath (fluorborate)	×	×	×	×	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	0	•	×	×	+	×	1	+			
Tin bath (H ₂ SO ₄)	+	+	+	×	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	0	0	×	×	+	0	0	+			
Autocatalytic Electrolytes 2)																										
Copper bath (without current), alkaline 1)	0	×	×	+	•	•	+	•	+	+	•	1	×	+	+	1	+	+	0	0	0	1	0			
Copper bath (without current), acid	+	+	+	×	×	0	+	0	+	+	•	+	×	+	+	0	+	×	0	0	0	1	0			
Nickel bath (without current), alkaline 1)	0	×	×	+	•	•	+	0	0	1	0	+	×	+	+	0	+	+	0	0	0	0	0			
Nickel bath (without current), acid 1)																										

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Float Switches / Level Probes / KNS Legend

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Symbols

- + recommended
- + resistant
- moderate
- x not suitable
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Resistance:

Additional Treatment Liquids

		lm	mersio	n Hea	ters			lmm	ersion	Heate	rs					Floa	nt Swit	ches					
							Heatii	ng Roo	İs			Tempe	rature	Prob	es					Level	Probe	s/KN	s
						_		Ц		L,					_			_					_
Process Solution	PS	TG	QS	КВ	TI	FC	FK	FC	FEP	PFA	F	L	В	G	М	F	L	В	В	K	т	٧	G
Additional Treatment Liquids																							
ABS pickle (CrO ₃ /H ₂ SO ₄) ³⁾	•	+	+	×	×	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	×	+	+	×	+	×	×	+	×	0	+
Aluminium pickling bath, containing fluoride	0	×	0	×	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	+	×	×	+	×	×	+
Ammonium fluoride (NH ₄ F)	×	×	×	×	×	+	+	+	+	+	•	+	×	+	+	0	+	×	×	+	×	0	+
Ammonium chloride = flux bath ($NH_4CI + ZnCI_2$)	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	+	×	×	+	+	+	+
Borax bath (Na ₂ B ₄ O ₇ · 10H ₂ O)	•	0	+	+	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	0	+
Chromatizing bath (H ₃ PO ₄ /CrO ₃ /H ₂ SO ₄), fluoride-free	0	0	+	×	×	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	×	+	+	×	+	×	×	+	×	0	+
Pickling bath (HCI &/ or H ₂ SO ₄), fluoride-free	+	+	+	×	•	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	+	×	×	+	×	×	+
Iron III chloride solution (FeCl ₃)	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	+	×	×	+	+	×	+
Gloss bath, chemical (H ₃ PO ₄ + HNO ₃)	•	•	+	•	×	+	+	+	0	0	•	+	×	+	+	•	+	+	×	+	×	×	+
Potassium permanganate, with water (KMnO ₄)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	•		•	+	+	+	+	0	+	+	+	+	+	×	+
Sodium chloride solution (containing NaCl)	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	+	×	×	+	+	+	+
Solder liquid, acidic (containing HCI)	+	+	+	×	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	+	×	×	+	0	×	+
Sodium hypochlorite (NaCIO)	+	+	+	×	•	0	+	0	+	+	×	•	×	+	+	×	•	×	×	•	•	×	0
Sodium sulphate (Na ₂ SO ₄ · 10H ₂ O)	0	0	+	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	0	+
Phosphate bath (iron/zinc phosphate)	×	×	×	+	×	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	•	+	+	0	0	•	•	+	×	×	×
Black bath (HNO ₃ + FeCl ₃) 3)	+	+	+	×	+	+	+	+	+	+	×	+	×	+	+	×	+	×	×	+	+	×	+
Sealing bath = desalinated water	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	0	0	0	×	0
Hydrogen peroxide (H ₂ O ₂) ³⁾	+	+	+	0	•	+	0	0	0	0	•	+	•	+	+	•	+	0	0	0	0	×	0

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Float Switches / Level Probes / KNS Legend

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Symbols

- + recommended
- + resistant
- moderate
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- general evaluation not possible, please enquire

The Properties of the Materials we use

		Alkaline Resistance		Breakage Resistance		
	Acid Resistance		Thermal Resistance		For 	Against
Stainless Steel	fairly good	good	high	very high	individually processable	/
Titanium	good	good	high	very high	individually processable	/
Porcelain	very good	moderate	good	moderate	good heat transfer	/
Technical glass	very good	moderate	good	low	/	liable to break
Quartz glass	very good	moderate	good	low	thermoshock resistant	thermal radiation
PTFE, pure white	very good	very good	low	low	clean room application	low surface loading
PTFE-Compound	very good	very good	low	low	highest chemical resistance	low surface loading
PFA	very good	very good	low	low	highest chemical resistance	low surface loading
FEP	very good	very good	low	low	highest chemical resistance	low surface loading
PVDF	very good	moderate	up to 140°C	high	/	/
PP	good	very good	up to 90℃	high	/	/
PVC	good	very good	up to 60°C	moderate	elastic	/

General Installation Directions What you definitely need to consider!

When mounting products with terminal casing to the container rim, it is important, that the terminal casing does not submerge into the process liquid or is exposed to highly concentrated steam. Direct exposure of the underside of the casing to steam must be prevented by suitable installation measures (i.e. holding sleeve HM or a flange).

Treatment liquids which can cause encrusting to heated surfaces (i. e. potassium permanganate, phosphate baths) should be heated with a low immersion tube surface loading of 2 w/cm² maximum.

The information on the resistance of the various materials should be considered as a recommendation and only refers to solutions with water ranging from 0°C to 100°C. The chemical composition and characteristics common to surface technology and frequently used liquids form the basis of this information.

We would draw your attention to the fact that we accept no responsibility for the accuracy of this information, because the multifarious factors that are under the control of the user can fundamentally affect and change the resistance of the listed materials. Only in cases where we are given precise information on the essential parameters, we are able to confirm the resistance in writing and will accept liability on the basis of our terms of delivery which are explicitly part of this resistance list.

This does not claim to be a complete list of all process liquids that are used in the surface treatment industry.